

## DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE CHEM-DSE 8: Biomolecule-II

### CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Chem-DSE 8: Biomolecules-II	04	02	-	02	Class XII with Science	

### Learning Objectives

**The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:**

- To understand the process of converting knowledge of chemistry into marketable products for commercial gain.
- To teach students about important biomolecules essential to life processes.
- 2. To discuss aspects of the principles of organic chemistry in the structure and function of important biomolecules.

### Learning outcomes

**By studying this course, students will be able to:**

- Learn about the chemistry of natural and synthetic polymers including fabrics and rubbers.
- Understand the chemistry of biodegradable and conducting polymers and appreciate the need of biodegradable polymers with emphasis on basic principles.
- Comprehend the theory of colour and constitution as well as the chemistry of dyeing.
- Know applications of various types of dyes including those in foods and textiles.
- Understand the chemistry and applications of natural products like terpenoids and alkaloids.

### Syllabus

#### **Unit 1: Amino acids, Peptides & Proteins**

**(Lecture : 12)**

Amino Acids and Peptides -Zwitterion, isoelectric point and electrophoresis. Preparation of amino acids: Strecker synthesis and using Gabriel's phthalimide synthesis. Reactions of amino acids: ester of  $-\text{COOH}$  group, acetylation of  $-\text{NH}_2$  group, complexation with  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  ions, ninhydrin test.

Determination of the primary structure of peptides by degradation Edman degradation (N-terminal) and C-terminal (thiohydantoin and with carboxypeptidase enzyme).

Synthesis of simple peptides (up to dipeptides) by N-protection (*t*-butyloxycarbonyl and phthaloyl) & C-activating groups and Merrifield solid-phase synthesis. An Overview of primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure of proteins.

## **UNIT 2 : Enzymes**

**(Hours: 08)**

Classification of enzymes and their uses (mention ribozymes). Mechanism of enzyme action, factors affecting enzyme action, coenzymes and cofactors and their role in biological reactions, specificity of enzyme action (including stereo-specificity), enzyme inhibitors and their importance, and the phenomenon of inhibition (competitive and non-competitive inhibition including allosteric inhibition). Drug action-receptor theory. Structure – activity relationships of drug molecules, binding role of –OH group, –NH<sub>2</sub> group, double bond and aromatic ring.

## **Unit 3: Concept of Energy in Biosystems**

**(Hours: 10)**

Cells obtain energy by the oxidation of foodstuff (organic molecules). Introduction to metabolism (catabolism, anabolism). ATP: The universal currency of cellular energy, ATP hydrolysis and free energy change. Agents for transfer of electrons in biological redox systems: NAD<sup>+</sup>, FAD. Conversion of food to energy: Outline of catabolic pathways of carbohydrate-glycolysis, fermentation, Krebs cycle. The caloric value of food, the standard caloric content of food types.

## **PRACTICALS:**

**Credits: 02**

**(Laboratory periods: 60)**

1. Qualitative tests for amino acids and proteins.
2. Separation and identification of mixture of amino acids by paper chromatography.
3. Study of the action of salivary amylase on starch under optimum conditions and determine the enzyme activity.
4. Study the effect of temperature on activity of salivary amylase.
5. Isolation of casein from milk.
6. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's method.
7. Estimation of glucose by Fehling's solution.
8. Determination of total sugar content by ferricyanide method (volumetric/colorimetric method).
9. Study of the titration curve of glycine and determine the isoelectric point of glycine.
10. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's method.
11. Estimation of Glycine by Sorensen's method.

## References:

### Theory:

1. Devlin, T.M. (2010), **Textbook of Biochemistry with Clinical Correlation**, Wiley.
2. Berg, J. M.; Tymoczko, J. L.; Stryer, L. (2019), **Biochemistry**, 9th Ed., W. H. Freeman Co Ltd.
3. Lehninger, A.L; Nelson, D.L; Cox, M.M. (2009), **Principles of Biochemistry**, W. H. Freeman.
5. Finar, I.L. **Organic Chemistry** (Volume 1 & 2), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

### Practical:

1. Dean, J.R.; Jones, A.M.; Holmes, D., Reed, R.; Jones, A. Weyers, J. (2011), **Practical skills in chemistry**, Prentice-Hall.
2. Wilson, K.; Walker, J. (2000), **Principles and techniques of practical biochemistry**, Cambridge University Press.
3. Gowenlock. A.H. (1988), **Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry**, CRC Press.
4. Pasricha, S., Chaudhary, A. (2021), **Practical Organic Chemistry: Volume II**, I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

**Note:** Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.