

## Category II

### **BSc. Physical Science with Chemistry as one of the Core Disciplines**

#### **DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE – 4:**

#### **CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE**

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practice		
Periodic Properties and Chemical Bonding DSC-4 Chemistry-II	4	2	0	2	Class Pass 12 <sup>th</sup>	----

#### **Learning Objectives**

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course discusses the periodicity in properties with reference to the s, p and d block, which is necessary in understanding their group chemistry.
- It provides basic knowledge about ionic, covalent and metallic bonding underlining the fact that chemical bonding is best regarded as a continuum between the three cases.
- It provides an overview of hydrogen bonding and van der Waal's forces which influence the melting points, boiling points, solubility and energetics of dissolution of compounds

#### **Learning outcomes**

By the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand periodicity in ionization enthalpy, electron gain enthalpy, electronegativity and enthalpy of atomization.
- Understand variability in oxidation state, colour, metallic character, magnetic and catalytic properties and ability to form complexes
- Understand the concept of lattice energy using Born-Landé expression.
- Draw Born Haber Cycle and analyse reaction energies.
- Draw the plausible structures and geometries of molecules using VSEPR theory.
- Understand and draw MO diagrams (homo- & hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules). Understand the importance and applications of hydrogen and van der Waal bonding

## SYLLABUS OF DSC-4

### Unit I: Periodic Properties (12 Hours)

Electronic configurations of the atoms. Stability of half-filled and completely filled orbitals, concept of exchange energy, inert pair effect.

General group trends of s, p and d block elements with special reference to Ionization Enthalpy, Electron Gain Enthalpy, Electronegativity, Enthalpy of Atomization, oxidation state, colour, metallic character, magnetic and catalytic properties, ability to form complexes

### UNIT II: Chemical Bonding (18 Hours)

**Ionic Bonding:** General characteristics of ionic bonding, Lattice Enthalpy and Solvation Enthalpy and their relation to stability and solubility of ionic compounds, Born-Lande equation for calculation of Lattice Enthalpy (no derivation), Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability, Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character.

**Covalent Bonding:** Valence Bond Approach, Hybridization and VSEPR Theory with suitable examples, Concept of resonance and resonating structures in various inorganic and organic compounds, Molecular Orbital Approach: Rules for the LCAO method, bonding, nonbonding and antibonding MOs and their characteristics for s-s, s-p and p-p combinations of atomic orbitals, MO treatment of homonuclear diatomic molecules of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> periods (including idea of s-p mixing) and heteronuclear diatomic molecules such as CO, NO and NO<sup>+</sup>.

Brief introduction to Metallic Bonding, Hydrogen Bonding, van der Waal's Forces

### PRACTICALS: 60 Hours

1. Preparation of standard solutions.
2. Estimation of Sodium carbonate with HCl
3. Estimation of oxalic acid by titrating it with KMnO<sub>4</sub>.
4. Estimation of Mohr's salt by titrating it with KMnO<sub>4</sub>.
5. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO<sub>4</sub>.
6. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> using internal and external indicators.
7. Estimation of Cu (II) ions iodometrically using Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.
8. Chromatographic separation of mixture of metal ions Cu<sup>2+</sup>, Cd<sup>2+</sup> or Ni<sup>2+</sup>, Co<sup>2+</sup>.
9. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> using
  - a). internal indicator
  - b). external indicator
10. Estimation of Cu (II) ions iodometrically using Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> .
11. Paper Chromatographic separation of mixture of metal ions
  - a). Cu<sup>2+</sup> , Cd<sup>2+</sup>
  - b). Ni<sup>2+</sup> , Co<sup>2+</sup>
12. Any suitable experiment (other than the listed ones) based upon neutralisation/redox reactions.

### References:

### Theory: