

SEMESTER V

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE CHEM-DSE -7: Inorganic Materials of Industrial Importance

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION, ELIGIBILITY AND PRE-REQUISITES OF THE COURSE

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility criteria	Pre-requisite of the course (if any)
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Practice		
Chem-DSE-7: Inorganic Materials of Industrial Importance	04	02	-	02	Class XII with Science	

Learning Objectives

The Learning Objectives of this course are as follows:

- The course introduces learners to the importance of Inorganic compounds in Industries.
- To provide an insight into how the inorganic materials form a basis of the products used in day-to-day life like silicates, fertilizers, surface coatings.

Learning outcomes

By studying this course, students will be able to:

- Learn the composition and applications of the different kinds of glass.
- Understand glazing of ceramics and the factors affecting their porosity.
- Give the composition of cement and discuss the mechanism of setting of cement.
- Explain the suitability of fertilizers for different kinds of crops and soil.
- Understand and explain the polymerization of inorganic ions to generate inorganic polymers and the difference between organic and inorganic polymers.

Syllabus

Unit 1: Silicate Industries

(Hours: 10)

Glass: Glassy state and its properties, classification (silicate and non-silicate glasses). Manufacture and processing of glass. Composition and properties of the following types of glasses: Soda lime

glass, lead glass, armoured glass, different types of safety glass, borosilicate glass, fluorosilicate glass, coloured glass, photosensitive glass, photochromic glass, glass wool and optical fibre.

Ceramics: Brief introduction to types of ceramics. glazing of ceramics.

Cement: Manufacture of Portland cement and the setting process, Different types of cements: quick setting cements, eco-friendly cement (slag cement), pozzolana cement.

Unit 2: Fertilizers

(Hours: 8)

Different types of fertilizers (N, P and K). Importance of fertilizers, chemistry involved in the manufacture of the following fertilizers: urea, ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate, ammonium phosphates, superphosphate of lime, potassium chloride and potassium nitrate. Environmental impact of fertilizers.

Unit 3: Surface Coatings

(Hours: 12)

Brief introduction to and classification of surface coatings, paints and pigments: formulation, composition and related properties, pigment volume concentration (PVC) and critical pigment volume concentration (CPVC), fillers, thinners, enamels and emulsifying agents. Special paints: heat retardant, fire retardant, eco-friendly paints, plastic paints, water and oil paints. Preliminary methods for surface preparation, metallic coatings (electrolytic and electroless with reference to chrome plating and nickel plating), metal spraying and anodizing. Contemporary surface coating methods like physical vapor deposition, chemical vapor deposition, galvanising, carburizing, sherardising, boriding, nitriding and cementation.

Practical Component

Credits:02

(Laboratory periods:60)

1. Detection of constituents of CAN fertilizer (Calcium, Ammonium and Nitrate ions) fertilizer and estimation of Calcium content.
2. Detection of constituents of Superphosphate fertilizer (Calcium and Phosphate ions) and estimation of phosphoric acid content.
3. Detection of constituents of Dolomite (Calcium, Magnesium and carbonate ions) and determination of composition of Dolomite (Complexometric titration).
4. Analysis of (Cu, Ni) in alloy or synthetic samples (Multiple methods involving Complexometry, Gravimetry and Spectrophotometry).
5. Analysis of (Cu, Zn) in alloy or synthetic samples (Multiple methods involving Iodometry, Complexometry and Potentiometry).
6. Preparation of following Inorganic Pigments:
 - a). Barium white
 - b). Chrome Yellow

- c). Malachite
 - d). Chromium oxide
 - e). Prussian Blue
7. Any suitable experiment other than the listed ones.

References:

Theory:

1. West, A. R. (2014), **Solid State Chemistry and Its Application**, Wiley & sons.
2. Smart, L. E.; Moore, E. A. (2012), **Solid State Chemistry An Introduction**, CRC Press Taylor & Francis.
3. Atkins, P.W.; Overton, T.L.; Rourke, J.P.; Weller, M.T.; Armstrong, F.A.(2010), **Inorganic Chemistry**, W. H. Freeman and Company.
4. Kent, J. A. (ed) (1997), **Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry**, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
5. Jain P.C., Jain M., **Engineering Chemistry**, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
6. Gopalan R., Venkappaya D., Nagarajan S., **Engineering Chemistry**, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
7. Sharma, B.K., **Engineering Chemistry**, Goel Publishing House, Meerut.
8. Kingery W.D., Bowen H. K., Uhlmann, D.R., (1976), **Introduction to Ceramics**, Wiley & sons, Delhi.

Practicals:

1. Vogel A. I., **Vogel's Quantitative Inorganic Analysis**, Pearson Education.
2. Banewicz, J. J.; Kenner, C.T. **Determination of Calcium and Magnesium in Limestones and Dolomites**, Anal. Chem., 1952, 24 (7), 1186–1187.

Note: Examination scheme and mode shall be as prescribed by the Examination Branch, University of Delhi, from time to time.